§ 440.41a

§ 440.41a Sterile nafcillin sodium monohydrate.

- (a) Requirements for certification—(1) Standards of identity, strength, quality, and purity. Sterile nafcillin sodium monohydrate is the monohydrated sodium salt of 6-(2-ethoxy-1-naphthamido) penicillanic acid. It is so purified and dried that:
- (i) It contains not less than 820 micrograms of nafcillin per milligram.
 - (ii) It is sterile.
 - (iii) It is nonpyrogenic.
 - (iv) [Reserved]
- (v) Its moisture content is not less than 3.5 nor more than 5.3 percent.
- (vi) Its pH in an aqueous solution containing 30 milligrams per milliliter is not less than 5.0 and not more than 7.0.
 - (vii) It is crystalline.
- (viii) Its nafcillin content is not less than 82.0 percent.
- (ix) It gives a positive identity test for nafcillin.
- (2) Labeling. It shall be labeled in accordance with the requirements of §432.5(b) of this chapter.
- (3) Requests for certification; samples. In addition to complying with the requirements of §431.1 of this chapter, each such request shall contain:
- (i) Results of tests and assays on the batch for potency, sterility, pyrogens, moisture, pH, crystallinity, nafcillin content, and identity.
 - (ii) Samples required:
- (a) For all tests except sterility: 10 packages, each containing approximately 300 milligrams.
- (b) For sterility testing: 20 packages, each containing approximately 300 milligrams.
- (b) Tests and methods of assay—(1) Potency. Use any of the following methods: however, the results obtained from the microbiological agar diffusion assay shall be conclusive.
- (i) Microbiological agar diffusion assay. Proceed as directed in §436.105 of this chapter, preparing the sample for assay as follows: Dissolve an accurately weighed portion of the sample in sufficient 1 percent potassium phosphate buffer, pH 6.0 (solution 1), to give a stock solution of convenient concentration. Further dilute an aliquot of the stock solution with solution 1 to the reference concentration of 2

micrograms of nafcillin per milliliter (estimated).

- (ii) *Iodometric assay.* Proceed as directed in §436.204 of this chapter.
- (iii) *Hydroxylamine colorimetric assay.* Proceed as directed in §436.205 of this chapter.
- (2) Sterility. Proceed as directed in §436.20 of this chapter, using the method described in paragraph (e)(1) of that section.
- (3) *Pyrogens.* Proceed as directed in §436.32(a) of this chapter, using a solution containing 80 milligrams of nafcillin per milliliter.
 - (4) [Reserved]
- (5) *Moisture.* Proceed as directed in §436.201 of this chapter.
- (6) *pH.* Proceed as directed in §436.202 of this chapter, using an aqueous solution containing 30 milligrams per milliliter.
- (7) Crystallinity. Proceed as directed in §436.203(b) of this chapter.
- (8) Nafcillin content. Proceed as directed in §440.41(b)(6).
- (9) *Identity*. The absorption spectrum of the sample determined as directed in paragraph (b)(8) of this section compares qualitatively with that of the nafcillin working standard.

[39 FR 18976, May 30, 1974, as amended at 42 FR 59858, Nov. 22, 1977; 45 FR 16474, Mar. 14, 1980; 45 FR 22921, Apr. 4, 1980; 50 FR 19918, 19919, May 13, 1985]

§ 440.49 Oxacillin sodium monohydrate.

- (a) Requirements for certification—(1) Standards of identity, strength, quality, and purity. Oxacillin sodium monohydrate is the monohydrated sodium salt of 5-methyl-3-phenyl-4-isoxazolyl penicillin. It is so purified and dried that:
- (i) It contains not less than 815 and not more than 950 micrograms of oxacillin per milligram.
 - (ii) [Reserved]
- (iii) Its moisture content is not less than 3.5 and not more than 5.0 percent.
- (iv) Its pH in an aqueous solution containing 30 milligrams per milliliter is not less than 4.5 and not more than 7.5
- (v) Its oxacillin content is not less than 81.5 percent and not more than 95.0 percent.
 - (vi) It is crystalline.

514